

HOME Spiders with Beaded Legs © Jane Eborall 2018



[Click here for larger picture](#)

Each spider measures 1¼" across by 1" high.

Abbreviations

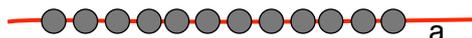
R	ring	Ch	chain	RW	reverse work
B	bead	Cl	close	SR	Split ring
vsp	very small picot	T & C	Tie and cut	MB	Move bead along core thread
DNRW	do not reverse work	SS	switch shuttles	SLT	shoe lace trick

Materials required - Size 20 thread, split ring metal finding, size 11 seed beads.
 Add 2 beads to the ball thread and wind ¾ yard onto the shuttle keeping the beads on the shuttle. Pull off another 1¼ yards of thread and cut from ball.

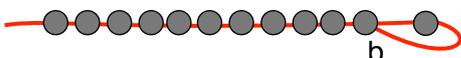
Note - for those who prefer front side/back side tatting the text in *italics and red* indicates where the worker needs to use the second half of the ds first.

Making the legs.

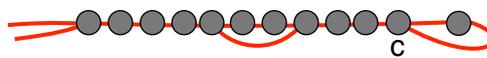
Add 12 beads to chain thread (fig. a).



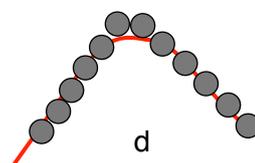
Take thread round last bead and back through next four (fig. b).



Miss next 2 beads and take through the final 5 beads (fig. c).



Tighten to form the 'elbow' and continue with chain (fig. d).

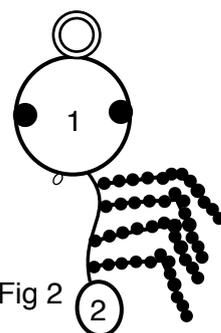
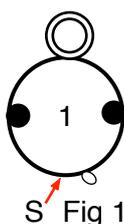


Head (fig. 1)

R1: 6 MB 3 + (metal split ring) 3 MB 5 vsp 1 Cl RW

Legs

- Ch: 2* - leg
- Ch: 2* - repeat leg
- Ch: 2* - repeat leg
- Ch: 2* - repeat leg
- Ch: 2* SS DNRW



Lower Body

The next ring can be finger tatted or the thread wound onto a shuttle.

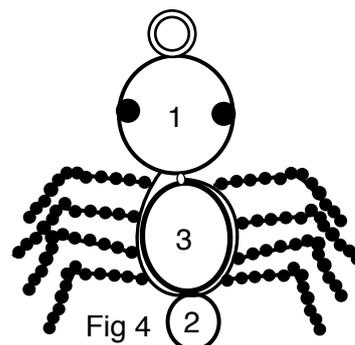
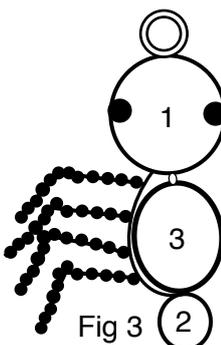
R2: 12 Cl RW SS

Inner Body

SR3: 8 + (vsp R1) / 8 Cl SLT

Outer Body and Legs

- Ch: 2 - leg
- Ch: 2 - repeat leg
- Ch: 2 - repeat leg
- Ch: 2 - repeat leg
- Ch: 2 T & C to base R2



Shape legs to bend down and stiffen.